

This pricing supplement, together with the prospectus supplement dated March 17, 2025 and the short form base shelf prospectus dated March 17, 2025 to which it relates, as amended or supplemented, and each document incorporated by reference into the short form base shelf prospectus and the prospectus supplement, constitutes a public offering of these securities only in those jurisdictions where they may be lawfully offered for sale and therein only by persons permitted to sell such securities. No securities regulatory authority has expressed an opinion about these securities and it is an offence to claim otherwise.

The securities to be issued hereunder have not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “U.S. Securities Act”), and may not be offered, sold or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States of America or for the account or benefit of U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act).



SUN LIFE FINANCIAL INC.

Pricing Supplement 1 Dated September 9, 2025

(to the short form base shelf prospectus of Sun Life Financial Inc. (“SLF”) dated March 17, 2025, as supplemented by the prospectus supplement of SLF dated March 17, 2025 (collectively, the “**Prospectus**”).

\$1,000,000,000

SERIES 2025-1 SUBORDINATED UNSECURED 4.14% FIXED/FLOATING DEBENTURES DUE 2037

The \$1,000,000,000 principal amount of Series 2025-1 Subordinated Unsecured 4.14% Fixed/Floating Debentures due 2037 (the “**Debentures**”) will be issued under a trust indenture dated as of November 23, 2005, as supplemented by a twenty-sixth supplemental indenture to be dated as of the closing date (together, the “**Trust Indenture**”), between SLF and Computershare Advantage Trust of Canada (formerly BNY Trust Company of Canada), as successor indenture trustee (the “**Trustee**”).

The following is a summary of certain of the material attributes and characteristics of the Debentures offered hereby, which does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the Trust Indenture. Reference is made to the Prospectus for a summary of the other material attributes and characteristics applicable to the Debentures and reference is made to the Trust Indenture for the full text of such attributes and characteristics.

Issuer:	Sun Life Financial Inc.
Designation:	Series 2025-1 Subordinated Unsecured 4.14% Fixed/Floating Debentures due 2037.
Principal Amount:	\$1,000,000,000 aggregate principal amount of Debentures.
Issue Price:	\$999.64 per \$1,000 principal amount of Debentures.
Issue Date:	September 11, 2025.
Delivery Date:	September 11, 2025.
Interest Reset Date:	September 13, 2032.
Maturity Date:	The Debentures will mature on September 13, 2037.
Interest Payment Dates ¹ :	Each Debenture will bear interest (i) during the period from the closing date of this offering to, but excluding, September 13, 2032, at a fixed annual rate of 4.14%, payable in arrears in equal semi-annual installments (other than the initial interest payment) on March 13 and September 13 in each year, with the first payment of interest due on March 13, 2026 (long first coupon) and the last payment of interest due on September 13, 2032, and (ii) from and including September 13, 2032 to, but excluding, the Maturity Date of the Debentures, at a variable rate equal to Daily Compounded CORRA determined for the Observation Period in respect of such Floating Interest Period plus 1.42%, payable quarterly in arrears on March 13, June

13, September 13 and December 13 in each year, with the first such payment to be made on December 13 2032. The first interest payment on the Debentures for the period from and including September 11, 2025 to but excluding March 13, 2026 will be in an amount equal to \$20.92684932 per \$1,000 principal amount. The Debentures will mature on the Maturity Date.

Daily Compounded CORRA: For an Observation Period, the rate will be calculated as follows, with the resulting percentage rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005% being rounded upwards and (-) 0.000005% being rounded downwards:

$$\text{Daily Compounded CORRA} = \left(\frac{\text{CORRA Compounded Index}_{\text{end}}}{\text{CORRA Compounded Index}_{\text{start}}} - 1 \right) \times \left(\frac{365}{d} \right)$$

Where:

- “CORRA Compounded Index_{start}” is equal to the CORRA Compounded Index value on the date that is two Bank of Canada Business Days preceding the first date of the relevant Floating Interest Period;
- “CORRA Compounded Index_{end}” is equal to the CORRA Compounded Index value on the date that is two Bank of Canada Business Days preceding the Interest Payment Date relating to such Floating Interest Period (or, in the case of the final Interest Payment Date, the Maturity Date or, if the Debentures are redeemed prior to the Maturity Date, the date of redemption of such Debentures, as applicable); and
- “d” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Observation Period.

Floating Interest Period: The period from and including each Interest Payment Date commencing on the Interest Reset Date to, but excluding, the next succeeding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the final Interest Payment Date, the Maturity Date or, if Debentures are redeemed prior to the Maturity Date, the date of redemption of such Debentures, as applicable.

Observation Period: In respect of each Floating Interest Period, the period from, and including, the date two Bank of Canada Business Days preceding the first date in such Floating Interest Period to, but excluding, the date two Bank of Canada Business Days preceding the Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the final Interest Payment Date, the Maturity Date or, if Debentures are redeemed prior to the Maturity Date, the date of redemption of such Debentures, as applicable.

Business Day Convention: If any Interest Payment Date on or before September 13, 2032 falls on a day that is not a Business Day, it shall be postponed until the next succeeding Business Day (without any additional interest or other payment in respect of any such delay).

If any Interest Payment Date after September 13, 2032 falls on a day that is not a Bank of Canada Business Day, it shall be postponed until the next succeeding Bank of Canada Business Day, unless that day falls in the next calendar month, in which case the Interest Payment Date will be the immediately preceding day that is a Bank of Canada Business Day.

If the Maturity Date falls on a day that is not a Bank of Canada Business Day, the required payment of principal and interest shall be made on the next succeeding Bank of Canada Business Day.

Yield: **The effective yield of the Debentures, if held to September 13, 2032, will be 4.146%. Thereafter the effective yield will fluctuate with the interest rate.**

Denominations:	Debentures will be available in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples thereof.
Redemption:	<p>At its option, and subject to prior approval of the Superintendent, SLF may redeem the Debentures, in whole or in part, on or after September 13, 2030, to, but excluding September 13, 2032, at a redemption price equal to the greater of (i) the Canada Yield Price and (ii) par, and on or after September 13, 2032, at a redemption price equal to par, together in each case with accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date fixed for the redemption. Any Debentures redeemed on or after September 13, 2032 must be redeemed on an Interest Payment Date. SLF will give notice of redemption at least 10 days but not more than 60 days before the date fixed for redemption. Where less than all of the Debentures are to be redeemed, the Debentures to be redeemed will be selected by lot by the Trustee or redeemed on a proportionate basis according to the principal amount of Debentures registered in the respective name of each holder of Debentures or in such other manner as the Trustee may consider equitable.</p> <p>“Canada Yield Price” means a price per \$1,000 principal amount of Debentures, calculated by SLF at approximately 10:00 am (Toronto time) on the third Business Day preceding the date fixed for redemption of Debentures, which would provide a yield thereon from the date fixed for redemption to, but excluding, September 13, 2032 equal to the Government of Canada Yield (as defined below), compounded semi-annually in arrears, plus 0.285%.</p> <p>“Government of Canada Yield” means, on any date that is three (3) Business Days prior to a date fixed for redemption, the bid yield to maturity on such date, compounded semi-annually, which a non-callable Government of Canada nominal bond would be expected to carry if issued, in Canadian dollars in Canada, at 100% of its principal amount on such date with a term to maturity equal to the period between the date fixed for redemption and September 13, 2032 (the “Applicable Term”), as determined by two independent Canadian investment dealers (each of which is a member of the Canadian Investment Regulatory Organization (or any successor thereto)) selected by SLF, and based on a linear interpolation of the yields represented by the arithmetic average of bids observed in the market at or about 10:00 am (Toronto time) on the relevant date for each of the two outstanding non-callable Government of Canada nominal bonds which have the terms to maturity which most closely span the Applicable Term on such date, where such arithmetic average is based in each case on the bids quoted by such independent investment dealers.</p>
Defeasance:	On or after September 13, 2030, subject to the prior approval of the Superintendent, SLF may exercise its option under the Trust Indenture to have the Trustee release it from its obligations under the Trust Indenture with respect to all outstanding Debentures, including its obligation to make payments, provided that: (i) the Trustee is satisfied that SLF has deposited with it funds or governmental securities sufficient for payment of all amounts due or to become due in respect of the Debentures; (ii) no Event of Default under the Trust Indenture has occurred and is continuing; and (iii) the other conditions specified in the Trust Indenture have been met.
Rank:	The Debentures will be direct, unsecured subordinated obligations of SLF constituting subordinated indebtedness for the purpose of the <i>Insurance Companies Act</i> (Canada), ranking equally and rateably with all other subordinated unsecured indebtedness of SLF from time to time issued and outstanding, other than subordinated indebtedness of SLF that, by its terms, ranks subordinate to the Debentures. The Debentures will rank among themselves equally and rateably without preference or priority. The Trust Indenture will provide that in the event of the insolvency or winding-up of SLF, the indebtedness evidenced by the Debentures will be subordinate in right of payment to all other liabilities of SLF (including senior

indebtedness and policy holder liabilities of SLF, if any), except those other liabilities that, by their terms, rank equally with or are subordinate to the Debentures.

Upon any distribution of assets of SLF resulting from any dissolution, winding-up, liquidation or reorganization, payments on the Debentures will be subordinated to the extent provided in the Trust Indenture in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all senior indebtedness of SLF, but the obligation of SLF to make payments on the Debentures will not otherwise be affected except as described below. SLF may not make any payment on the Debentures at any time when there is a default in respect of or under the terms of its senior indebtedness. Because the Debentures are subordinated in right of payment to any senior indebtedness of SLF, in the event of a distribution of assets upon insolvency of SLF, some creditors of SLF may recover more, rateably, than holders of Debentures. Holders of Debentures will be subrogated to the rights of holders of senior indebtedness of SLF, to the extent of payments made on senior indebtedness of SLF, upon any distribution of assets in any proceedings in respect of Debentures.

Form of Debentures: The Debentures will be issued in the form of a global certificate registered in the name of “CDS & Co.”

ISIN/CUSIP: CA 86682ZAV81 / 86682ZAV8.

Credit Ratings: The Debentures have been rated “A” by DBRS Limited (“**DBRS**”) and “A” by S&P Global Ratings, acting through S&P Global Ratings Canada, a business unit of S&P Global Canada Corp. (“**S&P**”). A credit rating generally provides an indication of the creditworthiness of the borrower or the risk that the borrower will not fulfill its obligations in a timely manner to pay both interest and principal on the indebtedness that is the subject of the rating. Rating categories range from highest credit quality (generally “AAA”) to very highly speculative (generally “C”).

For DBRS, a credit rating of “A” is an indication of good credit quality and is the third highest of the rating categories used by DBRS for long-term debt obligations. DBRS uses a “(high)” or “(low)” modifier to indicate relative strength within a rating category, with the absence of such a modifier indicating a rating in the middle of a category. For S&P, a rating of “A” is an indication that the borrower’s capacity to meet its financial commitments on its obligations is strong and is the third highest of the rating categories used by S&P for long-term debt obligations, with the addition of a plus “+” or minus “-” sign showing relative standing within a particular rating category.

Credit ratings are intended to provide investors with an independent assessment of the credit quality of an issue or issuer of securities and do not speak to the suitability of any particular securities for any particular investor. The credit rating assigned to the Debentures is not a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell the Debentures. Prospective investors should consult the relevant rating organization with respect to the interpretation and implications of the ratings and any recent actions concerning the ratings. Ratings may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the respective rating organization.

SLF has paid customary rating fees to DBRS and S&P in connection with the above-mentioned ratings and will pay customary rating fees to DBRS and S&P in connection with the confirmation of such rating for purposes of this offering. In addition, SLF has made customary payments in respect of certain other services provided to SLF by each of DBRS and S&P during the last two years.

Agents: RBC Dominion Securities Inc., CIBC World Markets Inc. and TD Securities Inc. (as Joint Bookrunners)

BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc., Merrill Lynch Canada Inc., National Bank Financial Inc., and Scotia Capital Inc. (as Co-Managers)

Agents' Fee: \$3.70 per \$1,000 principal amount of Debentures for a total of \$3,700,000.

Use of Proceeds: SLF intends to use the net proceeds of the sale of the Debentures for general corporate purposes, which may include supporting the acquisition of its remaining interests in the SLC Management affiliates BentallGreenOak and Crescent Capital Group LP, investments in subsidiaries, repayment of indebtedness and other strategic investments.

Method of Distribution: Agency.

¹ If, on or after the Interest Reset Date (i) the CORRA Compounded Index_{start} or the CORRA Compounded Index_{end} is not published or displayed by the Reference Rate Administrator or an authorized distributor by 11:30 a.m. Toronto time (or an amended publication time, if any, as specified in the Reference Rate Administrator's methodology for calculating the CORRA Compounded Index) on the Interest Determination Date for such Floating Interest Period, but an Index Cessation Effective Date with respect to the CORRA Compounded Index has not occurred, or (ii) an Index Cessation Effective Date with respect to the CORRA Compounded Index has occurred, then Daily Compounded CORRA will be calculated by the Calculation Agent as follows, with the resulting percentage being rounded, if necessary, to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005% being rounded upwards and (-) 0.000005% being rounded downwards:

$$\text{Daily Compounded CORRA} = \left(\prod_{i=1}^{d_0} \left(1 + \frac{\text{CORRA}_i \times n_i}{365} \right) - 1 \right) \times \frac{365}{d}$$

where:

- “d₀” for any Observation Period is the number of Bank of Canada Business Days in the relevant Observation Period;
- “i” is a series of whole numbers from one to d₀, each representing the relevant Bank of Canada Business Day in chronological order from, and including, the first Bank of Canada Business Day in the relevant Observation Period;
- “CORRA_i” means, in respect of any Bank of Canada Business Day “i” in the relevant Observation Period, a reference rate equal to the daily CORRA rate for that day, as published or displayed by the Reference Rate Administrator or an authorized distributor at 11:00 a.m. Toronto time (or an amended publication time, if any, as specified in the Reference Rate Administrator's methodology for calculating CORRA) on the immediately following Bank of Canada Business Day, which is Bank of Canada Business Day “i” + 1;
- “n_i” means, for any Bank of Canada Business Day “i” in the relevant Observation Period, the number of calendar days from, and including, such Bank of Canada Business Day “i” to, but excluding, the following Bank of Canada Business Day, which is Bank of Canada Business Day “i” + 1; and
- “d” is the number of calendar days in the relevant Observation Period.

If neither the Reference Rate Administrator nor authorized distributors provide or publish CORRA and an Index Cessation Effective Date with respect to CORRA has not occurred, then, in respect of any day for which CORRA is required, references to CORRA will be deemed to be references to the last provided or published CORRA.

If an Index Cessation Effective Date occurs with respect to CORRA, the Trust Indenture will provide that the interest rate for an Interest Determination Date which occurs on or after such Index Cessation Effective Date will be the CAD Recommended Rate, to which the Calculation Agent will apply the most recently published spread and make such adjustments as are necessary to account for any difference in the term structure or tenor of the CAD Recommended Rate in comparison to CORRA.

If there is a CAD Recommended Rate before the end of the first Bank of Canada Business Day following the Index

Cessation Effective Date with respect to CORRA, but neither the Reference Rate Administrator nor authorized distributors provide or publish the CAD Recommended Rate and an Index Cessation Effective Date with respect to the CAD Recommended Rate has not occurred, then, in respect of any day for which the CAD Recommended Rate is required, references to the CAD Recommended Rate will be deemed to be references to the last provided or published CAD Recommended Rate.

If: (a) there is no CAD Recommended Rate before the end of the first Bank of Canada Business Day following the Index Cessation Effective Date with respect to CORRA; or (b) there is a CAD Recommended Rate and an Index Cessation Effective Date subsequently occurs with respect to the CAD Recommended Rate, the Trust Indenture will provide that the interest rate for an Interest Determination Date which occurs on or after such applicable Index Cessation Effective Date will be the BOC Target Rate, to which the Calculation Agent will apply the most recently published spread and make such adjustments as are necessary to account for any difference in the term structure or tenor of the BOC Target Rate in comparison to CORRA.

In respect of any day for which the BOC Target Rate is required, references to the BOC Target Rate will be deemed to be references to the last provided or published BOC Target Rate as of the close of business in Toronto on that day.

In connection with the implementation of an Applicable Rate, the Calculation Agent may, in consultation with SLF, make such adjustments to the Applicable Rate or the spread thereon, if any, as well as the business day convention (including the Business Day Convention), the calendar day count convention, Interest Determination Dates, and related provisions and definitions (including observation dates for reference rates), in each case as are consistent with accepted market practice for the use of the Applicable Rate for debt obligations such as the Debentures in such circumstances.

Any determination, decision or election that may be made by SLF or the Calculation Agent, as applicable, in relation to the Applicable Rate, including any determination with respect to an adjustment or the occurrence or non-occurrence of an event, circumstance or date and any decision to take or refrain from taking any action or any selection: (i) will be conclusive and binding, absent manifest error; (ii) if made by SLF, will be made in the sole discretion of SLF, or, as applicable, if made by the Calculation Agent will be made after consultation with SLF and the Calculation Agent will not make any such determination, decision or election to which SLF objects and will have no liability for not making any such determination, decision or election; and (iii) shall become effective without consent from the holders of the Debentures or any other party.

“Applicable Rate” means one of CORRA Compounded Index, CORRA, the CAD Recommended Rate or the BOC Target Rate, as applicable.

“Bank of Canada Business Day” means a day that Schedule I banks under the *Bank Act* (Canada) are open for business in Toronto, Ontario, Canada, other than a Saturday or a Sunday or a public holiday in Toronto (or such revised regular publication calendar for an Applicable Rate as may be adopted by the Reference Rate Administrator from time to time).

“BOC Target Rate” means the Bank of Canada’s target for the overnight rate as set by the Bank of Canada and published on the Bank of Canada’s website.

“Business Day” means any day on which Canadian chartered banks are open for business in Toronto and which is not a Saturday or Sunday.

“CAD Recommended Rate” means the rate (inclusive of any spreads or adjustments) recommended as the replacement for CORRA by a committee officially endorsed or convened by the Bank of Canada for the purpose of recommending a replacement for CORRA (which rate may be produced by the Bank of Canada or another administrator) and as provided by the administrator of that rate or, if that rate is not provided by the administrator thereof (or a successor administrator), published by an authorized distributor.

“Calculation Agent” means a third party trustee or financial institution of national standing with experience providing such services, which has been selected by SLF.

“CORRA” means the Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average, as published by the Bank of Canada, as the administrator of CORRA (or any successor Reference Rate Administrator), on the website of the Bank of Canada or any successor website.

“CORRA Compounded Index” means the measure of the cumulative impact of CORRA compounding over time administered and published by the Bank of Canada (or any successor Reference Rate Administrator).

“Index Cessation Effective Date” means, in respect of an Index Cessation Event, the first date on which the Applicable Rate is no longer provided. If the Applicable Rate ceases to be provided on the same day that it is required to determine the rate for an Interest Determination Date, but it was provided at the time at which it is to be observed (or, if no such time is specified, at the time at which it is ordinarily published), then the Index Cessation Effective Date will be the next day on which the rate would ordinarily have been published.

“Index Cessation Event” means:

- (A) a public statement or publication of information by or on behalf of the Reference Rate Administrator or provider of the Applicable Rate announcing that it has ceased or will cease to provide the Applicable Rate permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of the statement or publication, there is no successor Reference Rate Administrator or provider of the Applicable Rate that will continue to provide the Applicable Rate; or
- (B) a public statement or publication of information by the regulatory supervisor for the Reference Rate Administrator or provider of the Applicable Rate, the Bank of Canada, an insolvency official with jurisdiction over the Reference Rate Administrator or provider of the Applicable Rate, a resolution authority with jurisdiction over the Reference Rate Administrator or provider of the Applicable Rate or a court or an entity with similar insolvency or resolution authority over the Reference Rate Administrator or provider of the Applicable Rate, which states that the Reference Rate Administrator or provider of the Applicable Rate has ceased or will cease to provide the Applicable Rate permanently or indefinitely, provided that, at the time of the statement or publication, there is no successor Reference Rate Administrator or provider of the Applicable Rate that will continue to provide the Applicable Rate.

“Interest Determination Date” means the date that is two Bank of Canada Business Days preceding each Interest Payment Date, or, in the case of the final Floating Interest Period, preceding the Maturity Date, or, if applicable, preceding the date of redemption of any Debentures.

“Reference Rate Administrator” means the Bank of Canada or any successor administrator for CORRA and/or the CORRA Compounded Index or the administrator (or its successor) of another Applicable Rate, as applicable.

	<u>Price to the Public</u>	<u>Agents’ Fee⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>Net Proceeds to SLF⁽²⁾</u>
Per \$1,000 principal amount of the Debentures.....	\$999.64	\$3.70	\$995.94
Total	\$999,640,000	\$3,700,000	\$995,940,000

⁽¹⁾ SLF has agreed to pay the Agents a fee equal to \$3.70 for each \$1,000 principal amount of the Debentures sold.

⁽²⁾ Before deduction of expenses of the offering payable by SLF estimated to be \$1,600,000, which together with the Agents’ fee will be paid from the proceeds of the offering.

RISK FACTORS

There are risks associated with an investment in the Debentures. In addition to the risk described below, reference is made to the section entitled “Risk Factors” in the prospectus supplement of SLF dated March 17, 2025.

The Debentures include a floating interest component.

Investments in the Debentures, given their floating interest component, entail significant risks not associated with investments in fixed rate debentures. The resetting of the applicable rate on a floating rate Debenture may result in lower interest compared to a fixed rate debenture issued at the same time. The applicable rate on a floating rate Debenture will fluctuate in accordance with fluctuations in the instrument or obligation on which the applicable rate is based, which in turn may fluctuate and be affected by a number of interrelated factors, including economic, financial and political events over which SLF has no control.

If CORRA is no longer published following an Index Cessation Event with respect to CORRA, the Trust Indenture will require that SLF use another Applicable Rate, as described above. In so acting, SLF would not assume any obligations or relationship of agency or trust, including, but not limited to, any fiduciary duties or obligations, for or with any of the holders of the Debentures. There is no assurance that the characteristics and behaviour of any other Applicable Rate will be similar to CORRA and such rates may result in interest payments that are lower than or that do not otherwise correlate over time with the payments that would have been made on the Debentures if CORRA was available in its current form. In addition, such rates may not always operate as intended (including, without limitation, as a result of limited history and changes and developments in respect of such rates, the availability of rates information and the determination of the applicable adjustment spread (if any) at the relevant time). Uncertainty with respect to market conventions related to the calculation of another Applicable Rate and whether such alternative reference rate is a suitable replacement or successor for Daily Compounded CORRA may adversely affect the liquidity, return on, value and trading market for the Debentures. Further, SLF may in the future issue notes referencing CORRA that differ materially in terms of interest determination when compared with the Debentures or any other previous CORRA-referenced securities issued by it, which could result in increased volatility or could adversely affect the liquidity, return on, value and trading market for the Debentures. Any of the outcomes noted above may result in different than expected distributions and could materially affect the value of the Debentures.

Upon the occurrence of an Index Cessation Event with respect to CORRA and a related Index Cessation Effective Date, the Calculation Agent will make changes and adjustments as set forth above that may adversely affect the liquidity, return on, value and trading market for the Debentures.

As CORRA is published by the Bank of Canada, SLF has no control over its determination, calculation or publication. There can be no guarantee that CORRA will not be discontinued or fundamentally altered in a manner that is materially adverse to the interests of investors in securities that reference CORRA, including the Debentures. If the manner in which CORRA is calculated is changed, then that change might result in a reduction of the amount of interest payable on the relevant securities and the market prices of such securities, including the Debentures.

Investors should be aware that the market continues to develop in relation to risk free rates, such as CORRA, as reference rates in capital markets. Further, limited market precedent exists for securities that use a compounded daily reference rate (such as Daily Compounded CORRA) as the reference rate, and the method for calculating a rate of interest based upon a compounded daily reference rate in those precedents varies. In addition, market participants and relevant working groups are exploring alternative reference rates based on different applications of CORRA. As such, the formula and related documentation conventions used for the Debentures issued pursuant to this prospectus supplement may not be widely adopted by other market participants, if at all. Adoption by the market (including by SLF) of a different calculation method from the formula and related documentation conventions used for the Debentures issued pursuant to this prospectus supplement likely would adversely affect the liquidity, return on, value and trading market for the Debentures.

Investors should also be aware that the floating rate in respect of the Debentures will only be capable of being determined on the Interest Determination Date near the end of the relevant Floating Interest Period and immediately or shortly prior to the relevant Interest Payment Date relating to such Floating Interest Period. It may be difficult for investors to reliably estimate the amount of interest which will be payable on the Debentures in advance of the Interest Determination Date, and some investors may be unable or unwilling to trade the Debentures without changes to their

information technology systems, both of which factors could adversely affect the liquidity, return on, value and trading market for the Debentures.

In addition, the manner of adoption or application of CORRA reference rates in the debt securities markets may differ materially compared with the application and adoption of CORRA in other markets, such as the derivatives and loan markets. Investors should carefully consider how any mismatch between the adoption of CORRA reference rates across these markets may impact any hedging or other financial arrangements which they may put in place in connection with any acquisition, holding or disposal of securities that reference CORRA, including the Debentures.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

This Pricing Supplement is deemed to be incorporated by reference, as of the date hereof, into the accompanying Prospectus solely for the purpose of the offering of the Debentures.

The following documents, filed by SLF with the securities commissions or similar authorities in each province and territory of Canada, are incorporated by reference into the Prospectus:

- (a) the annual information form dated February 12, 2025;
- (b) the audited consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity, and cash flows, for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes, the reports of the Independent Auditor and the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm thereon (collectively, the “**Annual Financial Statements**”), and management’s discussion and analysis thereon (the “**Annual MD&A**”);
- (c) unaudited interim consolidated statements of financial position as at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 and the related unaudited interim consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income (loss) and cash flows for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 and the unaudited interim consolidated statements of changes in equity for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, together with management’s discussion and analysis thereon;
- (d) the management information circular dated March 14, 2025;
- (e) the indicative template version of the subordinated unsecured fixed/floating debentures term sheet dated as at September 9, 2025 (the “**Indicative Marketing Materials**”); and
- (f) the final template version of the subordinated unsecured fixed/floating debentures term sheet dated as at September 9, 2025 (together with the Indicative Marketing Materials, the “**Marketing Materials**”).

The Marketing Materials are not part of this Pricing Supplement to the extent that the contents of the Marketing Materials have been modified or superseded by a statement contained in this Pricing Supplement.

Any documents of the type described in Section 11.1 of Form 44-101F1 — *Short Form Prospectus* filed by SLF and any template version of “marketing materials” (as defined in National Instrument 41-101 — *General Prospectus Requirements*) filed by SLF with Canadian securities regulatory authorities after the date of this Pricing Supplement and before the termination of the distribution under this offering (including any amendments to, or an amended version of, the Marketing Materials) is deemed to be incorporated by reference into the Prospectus.

Any statement contained in this Pricing Supplement, the Prospectus or in a document incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference in the Prospectus shall be deemed to be modified or superseded, for the purposes of this Pricing Supplement, to the extent that a statement contained herein, or in the Prospectus or in any other subsequently filed document that also is or is deemed to be incorporated by reference in the Prospectus, modifies or supersedes such statement. The modifying or superseding statement need not state that it has modified or superseded a prior statement or includes any other information set forth in the document that it modifies or supersedes. The making of a modified or superseded statement will not be deemed an admission for any purposes that the modified or superseded statement, when made, constituted a misrepresentation, an untrue statement of a material fact or an omission to state a material fact that is required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances in

which it was made. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not be deemed, except as so modified or superseded, to constitute a part of the Prospectus.

ELIGIBILITY FOR INVESTMENT

In the opinion of Torys LLP, counsel to SLF, and McCarthy Tétrault LLP, counsel to the Agents, the Debentures offered hereby, if issued on the date of this Pricing Supplement, would be, on such date, qualified investments under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) (the “**Tax Act**”) for a trust governed by a registered retirement savings plan (“**RRSP**”), a registered retirement income fund (“**RRIF**”), a registered education savings plan (“**RESP**”), a registered disability savings plan (“**RDSP**”), a tax-free savings account (“**TFSA**”), a first home savings account (“**FHSA**”) or a deferred profit sharing plan, other than a deferred profit sharing plan to which contributions are made by SLF, or by an employer with which SLF does not deal at arm’s length within the meaning of the Tax Act.

Notwithstanding that the Debentures may be qualified investments for a trust governed by a TFSA, FHSA, RDSP, RRSP, RRIF or RESP, the holder of the TFSA, FHSA or RDSP, the annuitant of the RRSP or RRIF or the subscriber of the RESP, as the case may be, that holds Debentures will be subject to a penalty tax if the Debentures constitute a “prohibited investment” (as defined in section 207.01 of the Tax Act) for the trust. The Debentures, if issued on the date of this Pricing Supplement, would not be, on such date, a “prohibited investment” for a trust governed by a TFSA, FHSA, RDSP, RRSP, RRIF or RESP, provided the holder of the TFSA, FHSA or RDSP, the annuitant of the RRSP or RRIF or the subscriber of the RESP, as the case may be, deals at arm’s length with SLF for purposes of the Tax Act and does not have a “significant interest” (within the meaning of subsection 207.01(4) of the Tax Act) in SLF.

Prospective purchasers who intend to hold Debentures in a trust governed by a RRSP, RRIF, TFSA, FHSA, RESP or RDSP should consult and rely on their own tax advisors with regard to the foregoing “prohibited investment” rules in their particular circumstances.

CANADIAN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

In the opinion of Torys LLP, counsel to SLF, and McCarthy Tétrault LLP, counsel to the Agents, the following is, at the date hereof, a summary of the principal Canadian federal income tax considerations generally applicable to a holder of Debentures who acquires as beneficial owner Debentures pursuant to this offering and who, at all relevant times, for purposes of the Tax Act and the regulations thereunder (the “**Regulations**”), is or is deemed to be resident in Canada, holds the Debentures as capital property, deals with SLF at arm’s length and is not affiliated with SLF (a “**Holder**”). Generally, the Debentures will be considered capital property to a Holder provided that the Holder does not hold the Debentures in the course of carrying on a business of trading or dealing in securities and has not acquired them in one or more transactions considered to be an adventure or concern in the nature of trade. Certain Holders whose Debentures might not otherwise qualify as capital property may be entitled to have such Debentures and every other “Canadian security” owned by the Holder treated as capital property by making an irrevocable election permitted by subsection 39(4) of the Tax Act.

This summary is not applicable to a Holder: (i) that is a “financial institution” (as defined in the Tax Act for purposes of the mark-to-market rules), (ii) an interest in which is a “tax shelter investment” (as defined in the Tax Act), (iii) that reports its “Canadian tax results” within the meaning of section 261 of the Tax Act in a currency other than Canadian currency, or (iv) that has entered into, or will enter into, a “derivative forward agreement” or a “synthetic disposition arrangement” (as defined in the Tax Act) in respect of the Debentures. Such Holders should consult their own tax advisors having regard to their particular circumstances. This summary does not address the deductibility of interest on money borrowed to purchase Debentures.

This summary is based upon the facts set out in the Prospectus and this Pricing Supplement, the current provisions of the Tax Act and the Regulations in force at the date of this Pricing Supplement, all specific proposals to amend the Tax Act and Regulations publicly announced by or on behalf of the Minister of Finance (Canada) prior to the date hereof (the “**Proposed Amendments**”) and counsel’s understanding of the current administrative policies and assessment practices of the Canada Revenue Agency (the “**CRA**”) published in writing by it prior to the date hereof. This summary assumes that the Proposed Amendments will be enacted currently as proposed; however there can be no assurance that the Proposed Amendments will be implemented in their current form or at all. This summary does not otherwise take into account or anticipate any changes of law or practice, whether by judicial, governmental or legislative decision or action or changes in the administrative policies or assessment practices of the CRA, nor does it take into account tax

legislation or considerations of any province, territory or foreign jurisdiction. The provisions of provincial income tax legislation vary from province to province in Canada and in some cases differ from federal income tax legislation.

This summary is of a general nature only and is not intended to be, nor should it be construed to be, legal or tax advice to any particular Holder, and no representations with respect to the income tax consequences to any particular Holder are made. Accordingly, prospective purchasers should consult their own tax advisors for advice with respect to the tax consequences to them of acquiring, holding and disposing of Debentures, including the application and effect of the income and other tax laws of any country, province, territory, state or local tax authority.

A Holder that is a corporation, partnership, unit trust or trust of which a corporation or partnership is a beneficiary will be required to include in computing its income for a taxation year any interest, or amount that is considered for the purposes of the Tax Act to be interest on a Debenture, that accrues (or is deemed to accrue) to the Holder to the end of that taxation year or that becomes receivable or is received by the Holder before the end of that taxation year, except to the extent that such interest (or amount considered to be interest) was otherwise included in the Holder's income for a preceding taxation year.

Any other Holder, including an individual and a trust (other than a unit trust) of which neither a corporation nor a partnership is a beneficiary, will be required to include in income for a taxation year any amount received or receivable (depending upon the method regularly followed by the Holder in computing income) by such Holder as interest (or amount considered to be interest) in that year on a Debenture, except to the extent that the interest (or amount considered to be interest) was included in the Holder's income for a preceding taxation year.

In the event the Debentures are issued at a discount from their face value, a Holder may be required to include an additional amount in computing income, either in accordance with the deemed interest accrual rules contained in the Tax Act and the Regulations or in the taxation year in which an amount in respect of the discount is received or receivable by the Holder. Holders should consult their own tax advisors in these circumstances, as the treatment of the discount may vary with the facts and circumstances giving rise to the discount.

Any premium paid by SLF to a Holder because of the redemption or purchase for cancellation by it of a Debenture before maturity generally will be deemed to be interest received at that time by the Holder to the extent that such premium can reasonably be considered to relate to, and does not exceed the value at the time of the redemption or purchase for cancellation of, the interest that would have been paid or payable by SLF on the Debenture for a taxation year ending after the redemption or purchase for cancellation.

On a disposition or deemed disposition of a Debenture, whether on maturity, redemption, purchase for cancellation or otherwise, a Holder will generally be required to include in its income in the taxation year in which the disposition occurs the amount of interest (including amounts considered to be interest) accrued on the Debenture from the date of the last interest payment to the date of disposition and that is not payable until after that time to the extent that such amount has not otherwise been included in the Holder's income for the taxation year or a previous taxation year. A Holder may also be required to include in computing its income the amount of any discount received or receivable by such Holder. In general, a disposition or deemed disposition of a Debenture will give rise to a capital gain (or capital loss) to the extent that the proceeds of disposition, net of any accrued interest (or any amount deemed to be interest) and any other amount included in computing income and any reasonable costs of disposition, exceed (or are less than) the adjusted cost base of the Debenture to the Holder immediately before the disposition.

A Holder's adjusted cost base of a Debenture will generally include any amount paid to acquire the Debenture plus the amount of any discount included in income by such Holder. A Holder that receives repayment in full of the outstanding principal amount of a Debenture upon maturity will be considered to have disposed of the Debenture for proceeds of disposition equal to such outstanding principal amount.

Generally, one-half of the amount of any capital gain (a "**taxable capital gain**") realized by a Holder in a taxation year must be included in the Holder's income for that year, and one-half of the amount of any capital loss (an "**allowable capital loss**") realized by a Holder in a taxation year must be deducted from taxable capital gains realized by the Holder in that taxation year. Allowable capital losses in excess of taxable capital gains may be carried back and deducted in any of the three preceding taxation years or carried forward and deducted in any subsequent taxation year against net taxable capital gains realized in such years to the extent and under the circumstances described in the Tax Act. Capital gains

realized by an individual or a trust (other than certain specified trusts) may give rise to a liability for alternative minimum tax under the Tax Act.

Interest received by, or a capital gain realized by, a Holder who is an individual (other than certain trusts) may give rise to liability for alternative minimum tax under the Tax Act. Holders who may be subject to alternative minimum tax should consult their own tax advisors regarding the applicability of the alternative minimum tax based on their particular circumstances.

A Holder that is a “Canadian controlled private corporation” (as defined in the Tax Act) throughout a taxation year or is at any point in a taxation year a “substantive CCPC” (as defined in the Tax Act) may be liable to pay an additional tax (refundable in certain circumstances) on its “aggregate investment income” (as defined in the Tax Act) for the year, which is defined to include amounts of interest and net taxable capital gains.